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#### -Gulfstream<sup>™</sup>

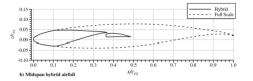
#### ICE PREDICTION WORKSHOP 2

Greg Gathy | Applied Aerodynamic | 2023

## FOCUSING ON CRM CASES

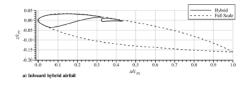


#### Case 1: CRM-65 Mid-span Hybrid (3D)





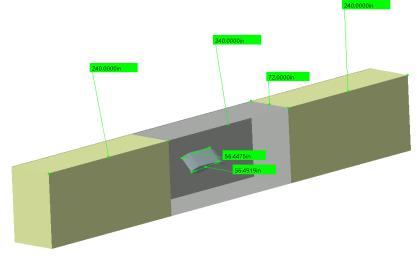
Case 2: CRM-65 Inboard Hybrid (3D)



IPW-2 Case no.	Configuration	ΑοΑ	Speed	T <sub>static</sub> (°C)	T <sub>total</sub> (°C)	LWC (g/m³)	MVD (μm)	Icing Time (minutes)
1.1	CRM65 Mid-span	3.7	130 kts	-3.6	-1.4	1.0	25	29
1.2	CRM65 Mid-span	3.7	130 kts	-8.5	-6.3	1.0	25	29
1.3	CRM65 Mid-span	3.7	130 kts	-26.0	-23.8	1.0	25	29
2.1	CRM65 Inboard	3.7	130 kts	-3.6	-1.4	1.0	25	29
2.2	CRM65 Inboard	3.7	130 kts	-8.5	-6.3	1.0	25	29
2.3	CRM65 Inboard	3.7	130 kts	-26.0	-23.8	1.0	25	29

#### Assumptions:

- Wind tunnel alt 7,91ft
- Test section extension (20ft) FWD and AFT



### FLOW SOLVERS AND ICING AT GULFSTREAM

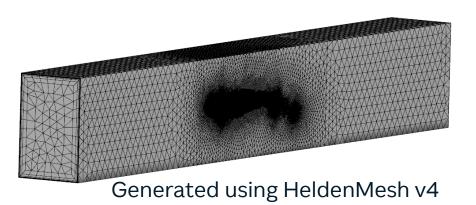
- Flow Solvers are mostly NASA based codes, including
  - (USM3D v3
  - FUN3D v14
  - NSU3D v4

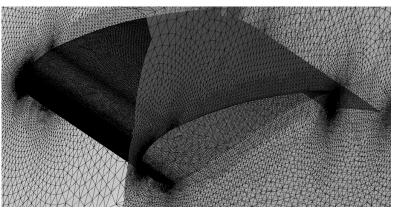
Solvers used in this analysis

- Icing Solvers
  - LEWICE3D v3.6
  - STARCCM+
- Gulfstream has used these solvers over the past 20-years worth of aircraft programs
  - G650
  - GVII
  - GVIII
  - Government Programs (Special Missions)

# USM3D INPUT

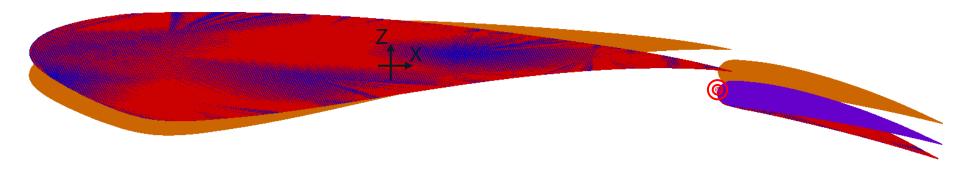
Case	AoA (deg)	KTAS	TAT (ºC)	Re	Chord (in)	S <sub>ref</sub> (in²)	Mesh Cells
1.1			-1.4	~7e6			
1.2			-6.3	~7e6	56	4032	~39.1M
1.3	3.7	130	-23.8	~7e6			
2.1			-1.4	~15e6	123	8,856	~37.5M
2.2			-6.3	~15e6			
2.3			-23.8	~15e6			





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### CAD GEOMETRY MODIFICATIONS



 	<u> </u>
Provided	Gride
FIUVILLEU	GIUS

AoA 0° (Original CAD Geometry)

AoA 3.7° (rotated about y-axis at origin)

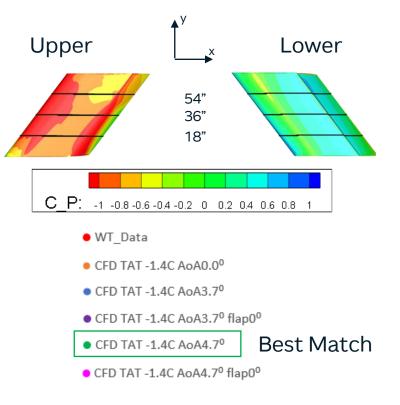
AoA 3.7° Flap 0° (Flap Rotated About 🗿)

Matched Well Geometrically

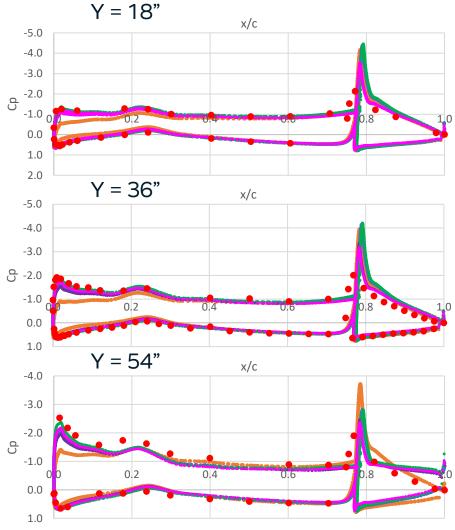
Best C<sub>P</sub> Match for Inboard CRM

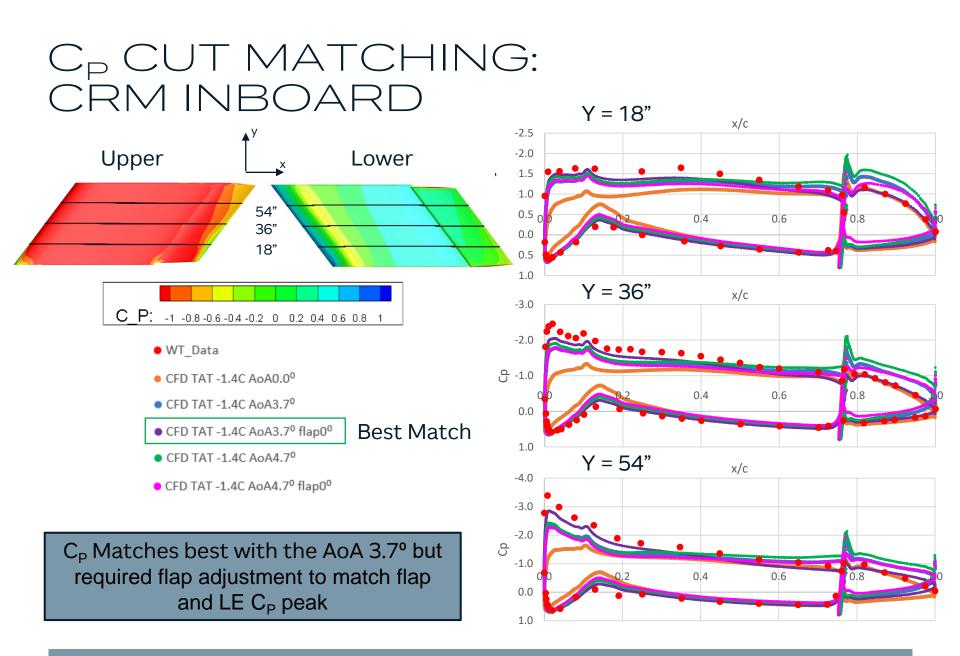
Mid-Span CRM model C<sub>P</sub> matched best with AoA 4.7°

### C<sub>P</sub> CUT MATCHING: CRM MID-SPAN

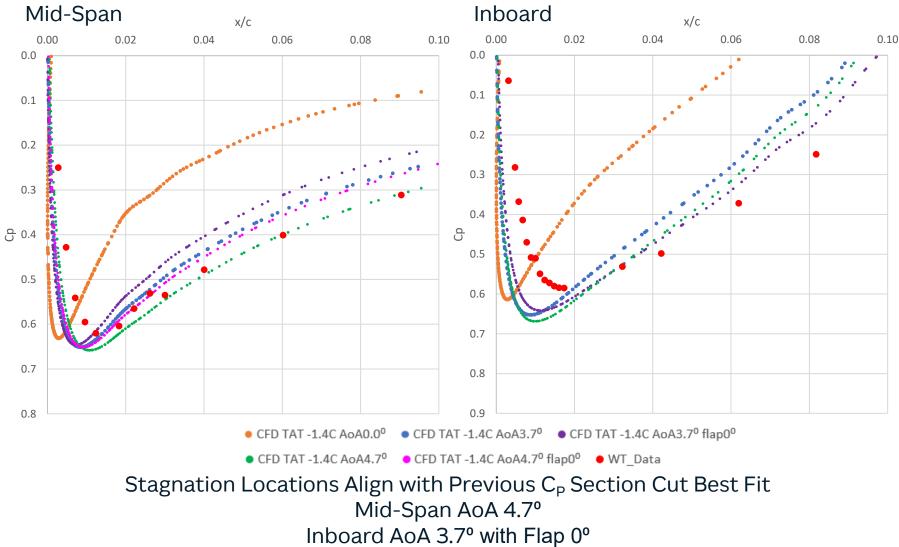


 $C_{\rm P}$  Matches best with the AoA 4.7° to get an equivalent peak at the LE

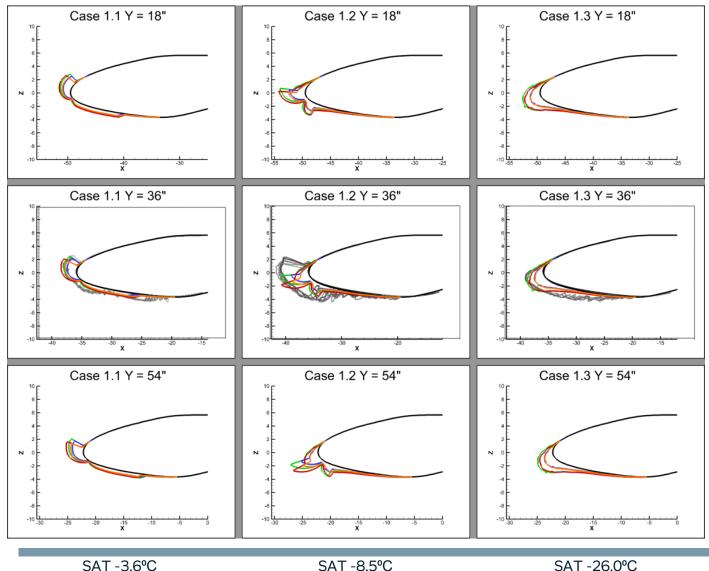


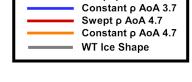


#### 36" STAGNATION COMPARE



### ICE SHAPE COMPARE: MID-SPAN





Airfoil

Swept p AoA 3.7

lce density was varied

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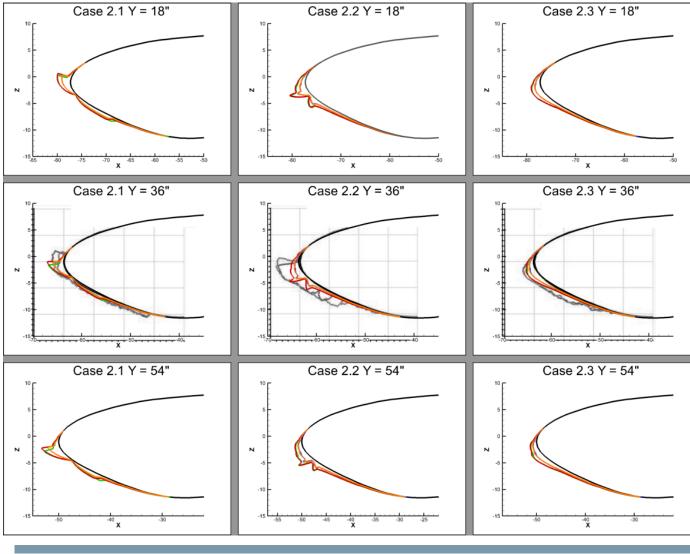
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- 917kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- o Sweep based
- Sweep based density matches better with WT
  - Case 1.2 has the worst WT alignment
- Case with best C<sub>P</sub> alignment provided best shape (Cal Rho AoA 4.7°)

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9

### ICE SHAPE COMPARE: INBOARD



 Airfoil

 Swept ρ AoA 3.7

 Constant ρ AoA 3.7

 Swept ρ AoA 3.7 F0

 Constant ρ AoA 3.7 F0

 WT Ice Shape

- Ice density was varied
  - o 917kg/m<sup>3</sup>
  - o Sweep based
- Sweep based density matches better with WT
- Case 1.2 has the worst WT alignment
- Case with best C<sub>P</sub> alignment provided best shape

SAT -3.6ºC

### SUMMARY

- Geometry adjustment was required to match  $C_P$ 
  - Mid Span AoA 4.7°
  - $\circ~$  Inboard AoA 3.7° and Flap 0°
- Sweep based density calculation ice shapes match wind tunnel ice shapes well
- Additional work that could be done
  - Why are the case 1.2 shapes mismatching (Scalloping?)
  - Refine AoA geometry
  - Can multishot ice build-up improve ice shape?
  - o Roughness was not adjusted

Case 1.2







#### THANK YOU

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