

SFI AutoShip Norway-Singapore Science Week 2020

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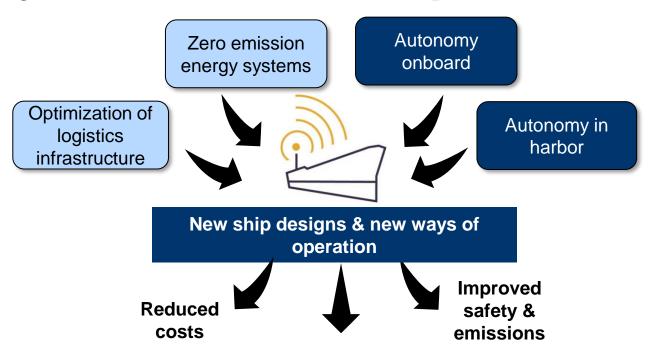
What is an SFI?

- SFI: Research-based innovation centre with co-funding from the Norwegian Research council. max. NOK 12 million per year (1 NOK≈0.10 Euro)
- Requires funding from industry, including active participation through in-kind contribution.
- Long term horizon: 8 years
- Focus on technology and knowledge transfer, internationalization, and researcher training to enhance the competitiveness of Norwegian industry
- 15-20 Centres are typically started every 4-5 years
- Many success criteria including international collaboration

Link: https://www.forskningsradet.no/en/about-the-research-council/programmes/sfi/



Why autonomous ships?



More flexible and scalable transportation of goods and people



SFI Autoship in short

Objective:

Develop and manage technologies, systems, and operations for **safe, sustainable, secure and cost-effective** autonomous sea transport and operations.

Why:

- Norway is in a strong position with internationally leading manufacturers, research institutes, academic groups, and class companies.
- Our coast, waterways, and intercontinental transportation needs give relevant business cases for ship owners and operators.
- Already infrastructures for testing at sea.

Selected key information:

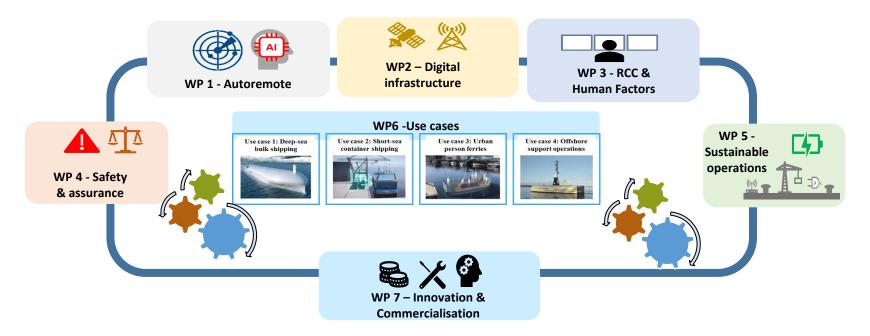
- More than 20 partners
- Host: Department of Engineering Cybernetics, NTNU
- Multi-disciplinary
- Budget of approx. 240 mill NOK over 8 years
- Education: 20 PhD, 5 Postdoc, 150 master students
- Centre Director: Professor Mary Ann Lundteigen
- Startup December 2020





Scope and way of working





WP1: AutoRemote

Research objective: develop **perception and decision-making systems** that will enable MASS to accomplish their mission, including fall-backs for extraordinary events.

- SITAW and sensor fusion to enhancement of autonomous decisionmaking processes.
- Maritime SLAM and extended object tracking
- Integration of SITAW information in automatic control systems.
- Reliable and resilient autonomous decision making, combining optimal control, AI framework and low-level control algorithms



WP2: Digital Infrastructure

Research objective: develop **reliable and secure data transfer** among the ship, the ROC and other marine traffic, allocated according to operational needs.

- Communication between autonomous ships, their ROC and other maritime traffic.
- Radio and radar technology to be used in cooperative, massive MIMO and sensor fusion strategies.
- Protocols and prototypes for the processing of cooperative or systemprovided information
- Protection against cyber-physical attacks such as bitstream manipulation, spoofing, meaconing and jamming.





WP3: ROC and Human factors

Research objective: develop **safe and efficient** human-machine interfaces and interaction for remote operation centres (ROCs).

- Reliable decision-support system for the ROC based on sensor fusion of available real-time environmental data and simulation models of the ship.
- Usable Human-centre designed based HMI for the ROC, incorporating situation awareness, workload, communicate with conventional ships.
- Procedures, manning and competence needs for ROC.
- Division of roles between automation and operators.



WP4: Safety and Assurance

Research objective: research and develop novel methods, models and tools for risk management and safe design and operations of autonomous ships.

- Risk management in operation, and the need to monitor system condition, act upon, and mitigate consequences of hazardous events.
- Integration of safety in design phases and fail-safe solutions.
- System verification and simulation, including cost-efficient approaches to testing and simulations.
- Implication and risk acceptance in the context of liability and maritime laws.



WP5: Sustainable operations

Research objective: develop the next generation **cost-effective and environmentally-friendly** sea transport system.

Research tasks will include:

- Logistic system cost-benefit analyses and development of KPIs, models and simulation tools
- Green ship operations covering technology and solutions for environmentally-friendly operation of unmanned, or periodically unmanned, ships.
- Automated mechanical ship-port covering automatic control of mooring and cargo-handling systems.



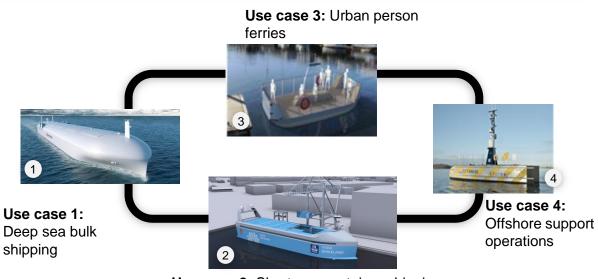


WP6: Use Cases

Research objective: demonstrate the **applicability and value-adding** potential of research and innovation results from the centre, and disclose new problems for further research.

Tasks will include:

- Use case identification and specification.
- Integration of research results into design and operational concepts.
- Demonstration through simulator, model-scale and/or full-scale demonstrators



Use case 2: Short sea container shipping

Illustrations: 1&2: Kongsberg.com,3: NTNU, 4: Equinor.com



Thanks for your attention

Questions?

www.ntnu.edu/sfi-autoship



Abbreviations used

- TRL: Technology readiness level
- KPI: Key performance indicators
- MASS: Maritime autonomous surface ship
- MIMO: multiple-input multipleoutput
- ROC: Remote Operation Centre
- SFF: Centre for research excellence
- SFI: Center for research based innovation

- SITAW: Situational awareness
- SLAM: Simultaneous localization and map building
- NFAS: Norwegian forum for autonomous ships

